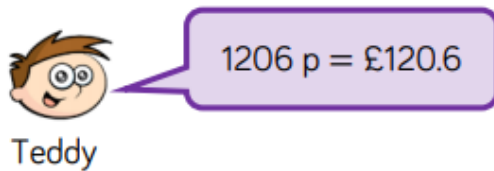
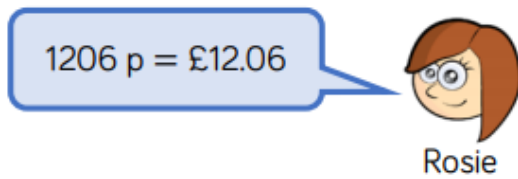


Money – Pounds and Pence

Some children are converting 1206 p into pounds.

Who is correct?



What have the others done wrong?

Eva has these coins:



She picks three coins at a time.
Decide whether the statements will be always, sometimes or never true.

- She can make a total which ends in 2
- She can make an odd amount.
- She can make an amount greater than £6
- She can make a total which is a multiple of 5 pence

Can you think of your own always, sometimes, never statements?

Some children are converting 1206 p into pounds.

Who is correct?



Whitney

$$1206 \text{ p} = \text{£}12.6$$

$$1206 \text{ p} = \text{£}12.06$$



Rosie



Teddy

$$1206 \text{ p} = \text{£}120.6$$

What have the others done wrong?

Rosie is correct. Whitney has not written the 6 p in the correct column. Teddy has not understood how many pence there are in a pound, therefore his place value is incorrect.

Eva has these coins:



She picks three coins at a time. Decide whether the statements will be always, sometimes or never true.

- She can make a total which ends in 2
 - She can make an odd amount.
 - She can make an amount greater than £6
 - She can make a total which is a multiple of 5 pence
- Never
 - Sometimes e.g. £3.05
 - Never - she can only choose three coins so the largest amount she can make is £5
 - Always, because every coin is a multiple of 5 pence

Can you think of your own always, sometimes, never statements?